



National Centers of Academic Excellence in Cybersecurity

NCAE-C 2026

Designation/Re-designation Requirements and Application Process

For

CAE-Cyber Artificial Intelligence (CAE-CAI)

Prepared by the

Application Process and Adjudication Rubric (APAR)

CyberAI Working Group (CyberAIWG)

July 2026

Effective Date: August 2026 (Beginning with Cycle Assignment 27)

20260506_CAE2026_CAE-CAI_Designation_Requirements_Ver2026

This publication was partially supported by the CAE Community at the California State University San Bernardino through HQ0034251E002 under the Department of War (DoW) Cyber Academic Engagement Office.

OVERVIEW

The following is an overview of the requirements for Designation and Re-designation in the National Centers of Academic Excellence in Cybersecurity (NCAE-C) program for **Cyber Artificial Intelligence (CAI)** administered by the National Security Agency (NSA) - NCAE-C Program Management Office (PMO), under the leadership of the United States Department of War (DoW) - Office of the Chief Information Officer (CIO) - Cyber Academic Engagement Office (CAEO). Details on requirements and application processes are provided in the body of this document. **The CAE Cyber Artificial Intelligence (CAE-CAI)** Designation is awarded to degree-granting regionally accredited academic institutions in the United States (U.S.) offering higher-education academic degree programs related to Artificial Intelligence (AI) for cybersecurity and/or security of AI systems including majors, minors, concentrations, and/or certificates at the Associates, Bachelors' and Graduate levels. Applicant institution must demonstrate that it engages in significant community involvement, academic activities, and institutional practices in cybersecurity and AI, and that the institution has one or more Program(s) of Study (PoS) under consideration meeting the requirements set forth in this document. The goal of the NCAE-C program is to promote and support quality academic programs of higher learning that help produce the nation's cyber, including cybersecurity and AI, workforce. Re-designation and PoS re-validation are required every five years.

NCAE-C Core Values and Guiding Principles Overview

- *The Ethical Behavior Core Value:* The academic institution must encourage and support ethical behavior by students, faculty, administrators, and professional staff.
- *The Share Core Value:* The institution enables an environment in which students, faculty, administrators, professional staff, and practitioners can share, interact, and collaborate with others in the cybersecurity field.
- *The Lead by Example Core Value:* The institution demonstrates a commitment to address, engage, and respond to current and emerging cybersecurity issues in the classroom, the institution itself, and outside the institution.

NCAE-C Program Objectives

The objectives of the Program include:

- Shared governance
- Maintain/improve NCAE-C Program standards
- Focus on output (workforce) in cybersecurity and/or AI
- Rely on existing proven methods of regional accreditation
- Align with the NCAE-C Strategic Vision

The United States Government must support the development of cybersecurity and AI skills and encourage ever-greater excellence so that America can maintain its competitive edge in cybersecurity and AI. "It is the policy of the United States to sustain and enhance America's global Artificial Intelligence (AI) dominance in order to promote human flourishing, economic competitiveness, and national security" (DOW AI Acceleration Strategy, 2026, para. 1).

Version and Effective Date

This Designation/Re-designation Requirements and Application Process For CAE-Cyber Artificial Intelligence (CAE-CAI) document is version 1.0 (July 2026) and effective August 1, 2026.

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INTRODUCTION TO THE CAE-CAI APPLICATION PROCESS

Degree-granting academic institutions in the United States (U.S.) wishing to be designated a **National Center of Academic Excellence in Cybersecurity (NCAE-C) in Cyber Artificial Intelligence (CAI)** (aka “CAE-CAI Designation”) for a particular Program of Study (PoS) will apply in two parts. The following process applies to both PoS Validation and CAE-CAI Designation. If required, in Step 5 (Figure 1), the applicant appears before the Review Committee or addresses the committee’s Request for Information (RFI) messages via the tool and/or email. Only U.S. academic institutions are eligible to apply to the NCAE-C program.

- **CAE-CAI Program of Study (PoS) Validation:** The process will begin with the submission of elements pertaining to the academic PoS, including curriculum, student related information, faculty profiles and qualifications, and continuous program improvement information. An institution may opt to have multiple PoSs validated before pursuing Designation, or may achieve Designation with one PoS and return to have additional PoS(s) validated.
- **CAE-CAI Designation:** Once one PoS has been validated, the institution may pursue a CAE-CAI Designation. To be eligible for CAE-CAI Designation, the academic institutions must hold a current regional accreditation as outlined by the Department of Education (<https://www.ed.gov/accreditation>), and be able to demonstrate all requirements indicated for CAE-CAI Designation. While multiple PoS Validations per academic institution are allowed, no duplicates of any CAE-CAI Designation type are allowed.

This process and submission timeline apply to both an application for Program of Study (PoS) Validation and to an application for CAE-CAI Designation.

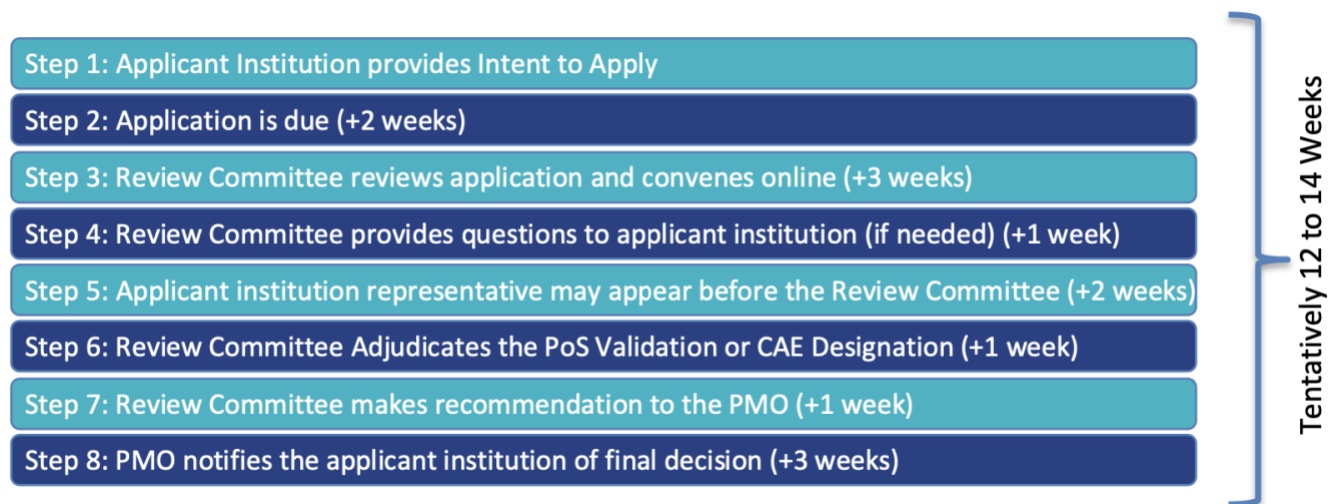


Figure 1. Tentative PoS Validation or CAE-CAI Designation Application Process and Submission Timeline

Timelines for submission will be published by the CAE Candidates National Center (CCNC) and cycle assignments are evenly distributed throughout the year. The PMO will make available an automated application tool to collect all required documentation and data. The application tool will collect required metrics and allow uploading of required documentation. All required documentation and data should be available prior to applying. Applying institutions will be assigned to a submission cycle and expected to follow the deadlines indicated in the cycle timeline provided. **Institutions that miss their cycle deadline(s) may be removed from applicant processing and the institution would need to resubmit a checklist to express their interest in continued processing. Removal from applicant processing may impact Validation and/or (Re)designation status.** See Table 1 below for consequences of failure to adhere to application deadlines and related definitions of *probation* and *suspension* status.

Table 1. Consequences of Failure to Adhere to Cycle Assignment Application Deadlines

Requirement	Consequence
Submit application(s) on or before the due dates in accordance with the Cycle Assignment.	Institutions are required to acknowledge and agree to the cycle assigned by the CAE Candidates National Center. Failure to submit the application(s) in accordance with the cycle assignment timelines, without prior communication/approval to/from the PMO/Peer Review National Center (PRNC) Director , may result in removal of processing and require a justification and/or new applicant checklist to confirm intent to re(apply) for Validation and/or Designation. This may impact an institution's Validation and/or Designation status including re-designating institutions.
Failure to submit by assigned due date:	
- After 15 days:	PMO will send a message to the Point-of-Contact (POC), alternate POC, and Dean to notify them that the institution has been placed on Probation (see definition below) AND request justification for failure to adhere to the timeline. Upon review, institution may be reassigned to a new cycle. Note: Cycle reassignments will be handled on a case-by-case basis.
- After 45 days:	PMO will send a message to the POC, alternate POC, Dean, and President to inform them of removal of processing. In the event the Validation/Designation is not active, institution will no longer be in good standing and be placed on Suspension (see definition below).
Definitions:	
Probation	- Faculty/POC/staff are ineligible for travel assistance to NCAE-C sponsored events during the period of Probation. The institution is ineligible for Grants or Scholarship solicitations issued by the PMO during the period of probation. - Institutions in probation status for more than 30 days will not be eligible for grants for a one year period.
Suspension	- Suspensions are for a minimum of 30 days. Probation restrictions apply. The institution will remove all references to NCAE-C Validation and/or Designation from all electronic materials and websites which includes all logos (NSA, Federal Partners, CAE Community): - Should the institution hold a current NCAE-C grant, the grant will not be eligible for any proposed option years.

Qualified cybersecurity and AI professionals and Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) from NCAE-C Academic Institutions and the National Security Agency (NSA) will assess applications. By submitting an application, an institution grants consent to having its application reviewed by assessors approved by the NCAE-C PMO. Institutions not fully meeting all requirements will be provided with a set of questions and/or further clarification requests and given an opportunity to respond to the Review Committee's questions. If required, the POC will be asked to appear before the Review Committee for further clarifications, followed by a final notification from the PMO (see Figure 1). Each PoS will need to have a designated POC, which may or may not all be the same individual and may or may not be from the same academic unit or department. The CAE will need to have a designated POC who is the person in charge of the established "Center" for cybersecurity at the academic institution (see NCAE-C Designation Criteria No. 4). Mentoring and initial approval of all pre-submission material are required in order to be granted access to the application tool. The first POC from each academic institution submitting a PoS for Validation is expected to "mentor" additional POCs (if applicable) from that same academic institution on PoS Validation requirements. In the case of an academic institution with NCAE-C Designation, the NCAE-C POC should serve in that capacity and be kept aware of all newly submitted PoS for Validations. The PMO will not provide multiple mentors to an institution and expects that POC to 'lead-by-example' within their institution. Incomplete applications will be returned without comment. Designation as a NCAE-C does not carry a commitment of funding.

Justifications

Throughout the application process, both in the PoS Validation and CAE-CAI Designation, applicant institutions are provided an optional feature in the application tool to attach a justification file (in one PDF) that they deem needed to clarify issues during the review process.

Synergistic Approach

To achieve NCAE-C designation, the institution should demonstrate a synergistic approach involving a proper environment for academic excellence, and faculty and courses to drive Program-Level Learning Outcomes (see Figure 2). A significant factor contributing to the institution's academic effectiveness and credibility will stem from its regional or higher-level accreditation. The synergistic approach builds upon existing institutional foundations as driven by regional accreditation rather than duplicating or supplanting them.

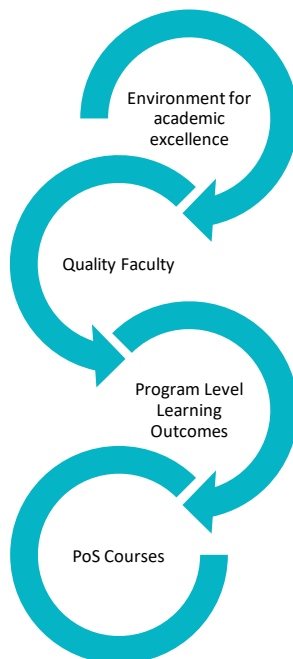


Figure 2. The Synergistic Approach Needed to Become NCAE-C

CAE-CAI Requirements Document Annual Review

The PMO, in collaboration with the Academic Working Group (WG) from CAE-CAI institutions, will conduct an annual review and update (if needed) of the CAE-CAI Requirements Document. The CAE-CAI Requirements Document Academic WG will consist of reviewers and/or mentors with extensive experience with the CAE-CAI requirements. The estimated timeline is shown in Figure 3.

Estimated timeline is shown in figure 5.								
JANUARY		MARCH		APRIL		JUNE		
CAI ACTION KICK OFF		FEEDBACK DUE		UPDATE DUE TO PMO		FINAL PUBLIC RELEASE		
Activities	PMO will notify CAI WG Co-Chairs of the annual review		Feedback from CAI WG due to Co-Chairs and PMO		Co-Chairs will consolidate input in Draft version		PMO will send out updated Requirements Document to CAE-CAIs	
	Conduct initial review and update before action to WG		PMO and CAI WG Co-Chairs will review feedback from the working group		PMO will send updates to CAE-CAI institutions for awareness/final thoughts (2 weeks)		PMO will notify Candidates and Peer Review National Centers of the updates for inclusion into training documentation	
	Identify Academic WG members (no more than ~30 members)				WG members will support additional review and provide feedback based upon input			
					PMO will determine Cycle effective date, based upon the revision			

Figure 3. The CAE-CAI Requirements Document Annual Review Timeline

Definitions

An **institution** is a U.S. legal entity authorized to award associate degrees or higher. All institutions applying to the NCAE-C program must be a U.S. institution of higher education that holds current regional accreditation as outlined by the U.S. Department of Education (<https://www.ed.gov/accreditation>).

An **academic unit** operates within an institution offering associate degrees or higher and depends on the institution for authority to grant degrees and for financial, human, and physical resources.

A **Program of Study (PoS)** is a defined series of elements that leads to the completion of a degree, a certificate or other defined set of outcomes by the institution.

An **example** is defined as a characteristic or set of characteristics to illustrate a requirement or set of requirements. Examples provided in this document were not intended for the purpose of replication rather as a general illustration of how the required information can be presented.

An institutional **Point-of-Contact (POC)** is a designated full-time/permanent faculty member of the institution directly involved with the representative academic program from the applying institution who will serve as the liaison between the institution and the NCAE-C Program Management Office (PMO). This person will be contacted by the PMO and/or the National Centers for all NCAE-C program updates, grants and scholarship opportunities, upcoming events, and other administrative communications. This person is responsible for the Annual Report, Re-designation, and any other important milestones in the institution's NCAE-C participation.

An institutional **Alternate POC** is an individual who is a full-time/permanent employee in a professional capacity (not an administrative assistant personnel) and is a secondary contact to the POC. This person may be a Department Chair, an Associate Dean, a "Center" or Program Director, a Dean, or another faculty member.

Competency is the ability of the individual to complete a task in the context of a work role.

Security for AI (aka SecureAI) refers to securing AI systems and infrastructure throughout their lifecycle.

AI for Cybersecurity (aka AICyber) refers to leveraging AI to support traditional cybersecurity.

Program-Level Learning Outcomes are a description of what graduates should know or be able to do upon completion of the program of study. Combined, these serve as a key measure of graduates' success from the program of study and should be assessed by the identified program outcomes assessment indicators. Each Program of Study should have multiple Program-Level Learning Outcomes that are consistent with the needs of the program's focus and various constituencies.

A **program outcome assessment indicator** (assessment metric) is a measure conducted by a faculty member of students' academic performance, student growth, and/or other measure of students' performance of one or more Program-Level Learning Outcome(s).

Curriculum Map and Plan (Noted in green in Figure 4): documentation of how the PoS courses are mapped to the Program-Level Learning Outcomes, and documentation of the courses where program outcome assessment indicators provide evidence for the Program-Level Learning Outcomes.

A **Knowledge Unit (KU)** is a thematic grouping that encompass multiple, related KU outcomes and learning topics.

A **Knowledge Unit (KU) outcome** is a specific assessment of a concept associated with a particular KU.

Course outcomes are the expectations that the academic institution and the PoS is anticipating students to be able to demonstrate when completing a course.

KU Alignment (Noted in purple in Figure 4): the process of documenting how the KUs and KU outcomes are aligned to the relevant courses in the PoS.

Continuous Program Improvement (Noted in blue in Figure 4): documentation of a plan, a process, and a regular evaluation schedule that an academic institution and/or academic unit have to enhance the overall quality of its PoS.

Continuous Program Improvement Plan: documentation of a structured set of actions the academic institution and/or academic unit plans to perform to enhance the overall quality of its PoS.

Continuous Program Improvement Process: documentation of the continuous program improvement plan executed and evaluation of the results of the current program improvement plan.

Continuous Program Improvement – Regular Evaluation Schedule: periodic evaluation of the continuous program improvement process documentation and assessment metrics to enhance the overall quality of the PoS.

PROGRAM OF STUDY (POS) VALIDATION REQUIREMENTS FOR CYBERAI

Overview

The Program of Study (PoS) Validation requirements for NCAE-C – Cyber Artificial Intelligence (aka “CAE-CAI”) programs include evidence presented in a Self-Study that all academic institutions will submit in the application tool. Academic institutions will be required to outline faculty, student, curriculum, and continuous program improvement information. In addition, any PoS being submitted for validation must have Program-Level Learning Outcomes identified and on file at the submitting institution, preferably on the program’s website/webpage. Those Program-Level Learning Outcomes will then be *mapped* to the courses in the PoS. Moreover, the Self-Study will include documentation of the identified KUs for the PoS and the *alignment* of the KUs to the relevant courses in the PoS. Figure 4, the CyberAI PoS Validation Conceptual Model, provides a graphical representation of the: (1d) Curriculum Map and Plan courses with associated documentation, the (1e) KU alignment courses, and (4) Continuous program improvement plan, process, and evaluation schedule. CyberAI PoS is referring to either the AI for Cybersecurity (aka “AICyber”) PoS or Security of AI (aka “SecureAI”) PoS. The examples provided are to be used as illustration or guide, they are not intended to be a complete assessment of a PoS. **No elective courses should be indicated in the KU alignment**, as all students should take all courses indicated in the KU alignment.

Self-Study Overview

A documented Self-Study is required of all CAE-CAI applications. It includes the following requirements (See Appendix 2 for relevant examples):

1. PoS Curriculum

- a) The CyberAI PoS Offered by the Institution
- b) CyberAI work roles crosswalk alignment
- c) Courses Syllabi and Courses Requiring Applied Lab Exercises (For KU Aligned Courses Only)
- d) Curriculum Map and Plan with Assessment Documentation
- e) Knowledge Units (KUs) Alignment (See Appendix 2)

3. Faculty Members

- a) CyberAI Program(s) of Study PoC
- b) Full-time, part-time, and adjunct faculty members + Faculty qualifications (publications, research, industry involvement, certifications, etc.) related to PoS type
- c) Faculty support of enrolled students
- d) Process of Faculty Promotion/Reappointment (e.g. Faculty Policy Manual)

2. Students

- a) Student enrollment/graduation in the PoS(s)
- b) Sample student certificate/notation on transcript/official letter (if program has graduated students)
- c) Students’ work products (papers, assignments, labs, etc.)
- d) Student competency development and ethical conduct

4. Continuous Program Improvement

- a) Continuous Program Improvement plan
- b) Continuous Program Improvement process
- c) Regular evaluation schedule

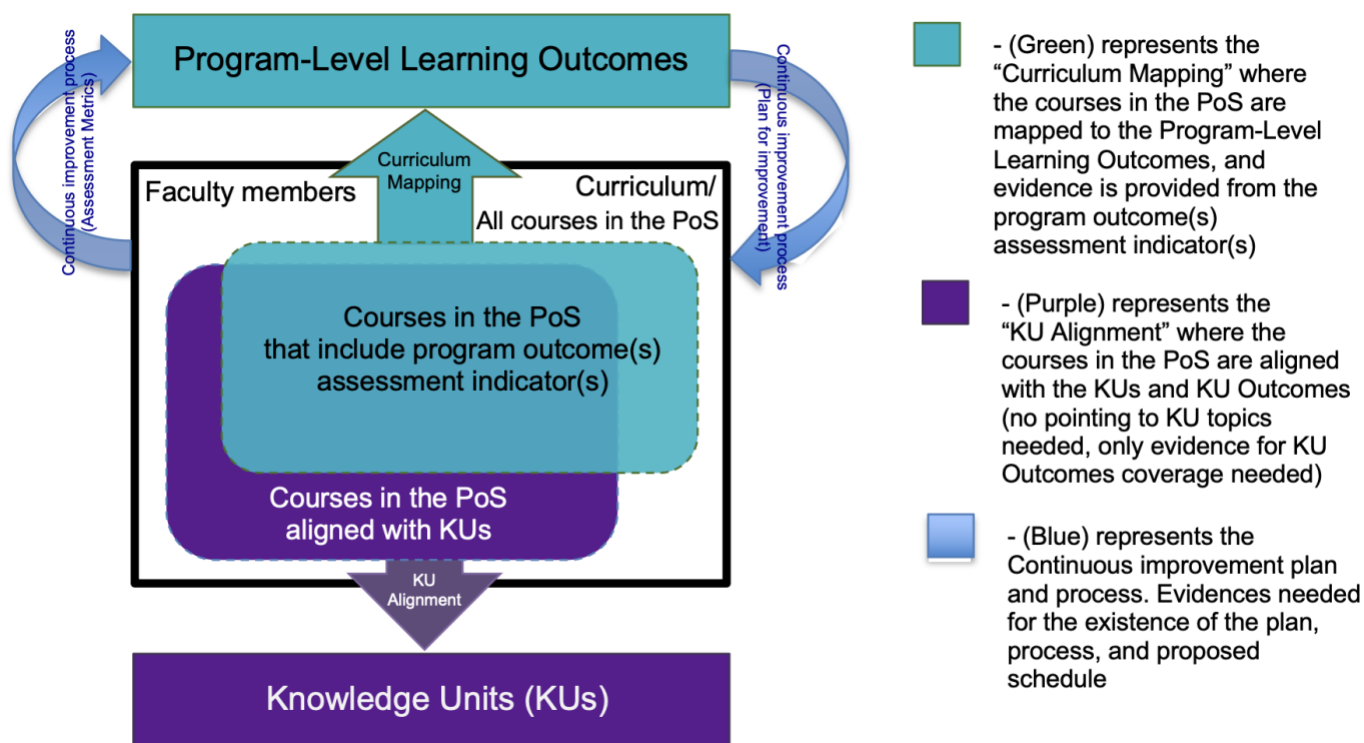


Figure 4. PoS Validation Conceptual Model

Institution Details

The applicant will identify and/or confirm the official initial institution details in the application tool.

Requirements:

- Identify/confirm the official institution name
- Provide link to the homepage of the institution (not department)
- Provide the address of the institution

Additional Information for Grant-Related Opportunities (Not guaranteed):

Applying academic institutions may provide additional evidence of eligibility for NSA grants for the benefit and ease of applying for grants. Doing so will allow NSA to identify potential NCAE-C institutions for grant solicitations. Specifically, applicants may need to consult their Office of Sponsored Programs, Research Office, the office which will handle any grant submission for the institution, or other entity that administers their grants to obtain a copy of the most recent A-133 Summary of Auditor's Results, DUNS, Cage Code, and Employer Identification Number/Tax Identification Number (TIN#) to ensure the correct numbers are being provided. This same office/entity may have the proof of the most recent A-133 Summary of Auditor's Results, SAM and ARC registrations (Proof of SAM and ARC registrations may be a simple email from the organization, or a screenshot of the registration).

Information Needed (Optional):

- Provide a copy of the most recent A-133 Summary of Auditor's Results (in PDF)
- Provide the DUNS number
- Provide the CAGE Code
- Provide the Employer Identification Number/Tax Identification Number (TIN#)
- Provide proofs of the SAM and ARC registrations (in PDFs)

Program(s) of Study (PoS) Validation Requirements

1. PoS Curriculum

A U.S. institution of higher education will apply by submitting an academic program for Program of Study (PoS) validation. The academic institution must show its curriculum and show that students are enrolled and can successfully complete the path and receive recognition. A single academic institution may have multiple PoSs validated. All institutions applying for PoS validation must be a U.S. institution and regionally accredited.

PoS is defined as sets of courses that are designed to develop Program-Level Learning Outcomes (PLLOs) in the student population over time. It is possible to have multiple cybersecurity and/or CyberAI PoSs at an academic institution, in different departments, providing students with different knowledge and skills. Degree plans or Program plans can document the options available to a student and form a basis for determining the correct path. Program sequence diagrams that define the relationship between courses (prerequisites) can be useful in assisting students as they navigate the classes. Cohorts are another mechanism that can assist in navigation of program plans. Transcripts, or other institutional completion records, can document student completion of validated PoS.

a. The CyberAI PoS offered by the institution

The applicant will identify the official name of the CyberAI PoS offered by the institution and the academic leadership relevant to that PoS. Courses identified in the *Curriculum Map and Plan* as well as the *KU Alignment* must be mandatory for all students completing the PoS. If the application is approved, only the PoS identified in this criterion is allowed to be marketed as a validated PoS. Applicants may not refer to NCAE-C until the applicant receives official approval. To initiate the application, applicant will first need to identify if the CyberAI PoS is a *SecureAI* or *AI/Cyber* (refer to section 1e for proper KU alignment) and state the official name of the CyberAI PoS. CyberAI PoS may or may not be from the same academic unit or department.

Requirements (All required):

1. State the official name of the CyberAI PoS (including degree level, if applicable, minor, concentration, certificate). If validated, the PoS name will be displayed on a NCAE-C website list, thus, it must be the official name (e.g., AAS in Computer Technology with a Cybersecurity Certificate; BS in Cybersecurity; BS in Computer Science with CyberAI track; MS in AI with concentration in Cybersecurity; Ph.D. in AI). ***State **only** the official PoS curriculum name. The text provided will be printed on the validation certificate, if approved. Do NOT include any other text aside from the official PoS curriculum name in this field ***
2. Provide a link to the institutional site where the PoS is documented (i.e., link to program's course catalog, curriculum webpage, etc.).
3. Identify department(s) official name(s) as it appears in the accreditation where PoS resides.
4. Academic institutions applying for the validation will affirm that PoS curriculum is in existence.
5. Identify the administrative head of the academic unit housing the PoS (Dean, Associate Dean, Department Chair, etc.) including name, phone number, and e-mail address.
6. List the courses from the PoS that are part of both:
 - a. All courses in the Curriculum Map and Plan that are used to assess the Program-Level Learning Outcomes (Course Number/Course Name/Course Descriptions as appears in the catalog, excluding General Education courses) (identify the KU aligned courses in this list); **and**
 - b. All courses that are part of the KU alignment.
7. Provide evidence for PoS Curriculum Sheet in PDF (See Appendix 2 - example 1a).

b. Cybersecurity Work Roles Crosswalk Alignment

The applicant will state three cyber work roles from the Defense Cyber Workforce Framework (DCWF) (<https://www.cyber.mil/dod-workforce-innovation-directorate/dod-cyber-workforce-framework>) and/or NICE Workforce Framework for Cybersecurity (NIST Special Publication 800-181,

<https://www.nist.gov/itl/applied-cybersecurity/nice/nice-framework-resource-center>) that are most relevant to their applying or re-designating PoS. DCWF establishes the DoW's authoritative lexicon based on the work an individual is performing. It describes the work performed by the full spectrum of the cyber workforce as defined in DoW Directive 8140.01. The NICE Workforce Framework for Cybersecurity (NICE Framework) provides a common language to describe cyber (including cybersecurity and AI) work and the knowledge and skills required to complete that work. While an applying institution may consider its PoS to produce graduates in many work roles, this criterion calls for the three work roles that are the most relevant to that PoS. The identified cyber work roles should be aligned with the type of courses (curricular experiences), as well as other co-curricular and extracurricular experiences that students are engaged in through the PoS. The identified cyber work roles inform the development of competency activities that provide the students with an opportunity to complete a task(s) from these work roles. By providing students with activities clearly aligned to tasks within cyber work roles (see section 2d below), institutions inform students about their career choices, prepare them for job applications and interviews, and increase their competitiveness in the workforce. Building the crosswalks between the PoS and three work roles will promote graduating students' understanding of the cyber workforce and enable them to make connections between their education and employment. Increasing the connections between the PoS and the workforce will contribute to building the competencies of PoS graduates in alignment with government and industry needs.

Requirement:

1. Identify three (3) distinct work roles from the DCWF and/or the NICE Framework that align with closest relevance to the applying or re-designating CyberAI PoS. Institutions may choose distinct work roles from either framework or both, depending on their program's focus.

c. Course Syllabi and Courses Requiring Applied Lab Exercises (For KU Aligned Courses Only)

The applicant will provide syllabi of all courses in the KU Alignment (See section 1e below) and identify those that require applied lab exercises (hands-on) that develop competencies in the CyberAI domain, provide lab exercises guidelines and highlight lab requirements in the syllabus. A typical course syllabus includes the official name and number of the course, the term it is offered, who teaches the course, the textbook(s) assigned if any, relevant course information (course descriptions, course learning outcomes, etc.), supplemental material (if applicable), course topic coverage outline and/or a weekly/module schedule to indicate list of lectures, topics/reading, assignments, labs assigned, course grade components, and grading scale/system.

Requirements (All required):

1. Provide a concise syllabus of each course in the KU Alignment (all must be from the last three (3) years and properly labeled with the term in which the course was taught and faculty name) (in PDF).
2. For KU aligned courses that require applied labs exercises (i.e. hands-on labs that develop competencies) in the CyberAI domain, highlight the lab(s) on the syllabus, and highlight in which unit/week the lab(s) are required for the lab(s) provided (all must be from the last three years). A minimum of three (3) distinct KU aligned courses are required to have hands-on labs.
3. Provide the guidelines (i.e. what students are asked to do) of one lab exercise from each course that requires applied lab exercises and indicate within the guidelines the course that each lab is used (all must be from the last three years, a minimum of three (3) labs from three distinct KU aligned courses are required) (in PDF).

d. Curriculum Map and Plan with Assessment Documentation

Program-Level Learning Outcomes are the basis for determining the effectiveness of a NCAE-C program in developing the cybersecurity workforce. Each PoS should have a defined set of Program-Level Learning Outcomes as documented by the academic institution to the regional (or other) accreditation. The number of Program-Level Learning Outcomes may vary depending on the academic institution and level of the program. The Program-Level Learning Outcomes are the basis for continuous program improvement efforts. No elective or optional courses should be included in the Curriculum Map and Plan, as all students should take all courses used to assess the Program-Level Learning Outcomes.

Requirements (All required):

1. State the Program-Level Learning Outcomes of the PoS.
2. Provide documentation of the Program-Level Learning Outcomes (link to academic institutional webpage with the outcomes and/or PDF document of the outcomes).
3. Provide evidence for the Program-Level Learning Outcomes *Curriculum Map and Plan* that identified the PoS courses where the outcomes are assessed (Combined to single PDF) (See Appendix 2 - 1d1).
4. Provide documentation for the *General Information* for each Program-Level Learning Outcome (Combined to single PDF). For each Program-Level Learning Outcome, "General Information" documentation provided should include: (a) The stated Program-Level Learning Outcome; (b) Term it was assessed (if completed); (c) Course used for the assessment; (d) Total number of assessed students (See Appendix 2 - example 1d2).
5. Provide documentation for the *Assessment of Indicators* for each Program-Level Learning Outcome (Combined to single PDF). For each Program-Level Learning Outcome, "Assessment of Indicators" documentation provided should include: (a) The stated Program-Level Learning Outcome; (b) Course used for the assessment; (c) Program outcome assessment indicator(s) used to assess the Program-Level Learning Outcome (assessment metric(s)); (d) Performance expectations; (e) Average assessment score for the assessed students; (f) overall performance rating of assessed students (See Appendix 2 - example 1d3).
6. Provide documentation for the *Overall Assessment Information* of each Program-Level Learning Outcome (Combined to single PDF). For each Program-Level Learning Outcome, "Overall Assessment Information" documentation provided should include: (a) The stated Program-Level Learning Outcome; (b) Course used for the assessment; (c) Program outcome assessment indicator(s) used to assess the Program-Level Learning Outcome (assessment metric(s)); (d) Overall performance rating of assessed students; (e) Qualitative analysis of the assessment results; (f) Qualitative statement/plan for improvement(s) resulting from the assessment; (g) Indication of when the recommended improvement(s) are projected to be implemented (See Appendix 2 - example 1d4).

e. Knowledge Units (KUs) Alignment

The NCAE-C program will rely upon the institutional accreditation for sufficiency of program construction and maintenance. Courses, or other academic elements, should be institutionally approved per the institutional requirements for accreditation and aligned to the KUs. The PoS content as demonstrated by KU alignment will be used to determine if the courses together as a whole constitute sufficient material in quantity and form. All CyberAI programs need to cover the foundational, appropriate core, and required elective KUs as indicated in Figure 5. **No elective or optional courses should be included in the KU alignment, as all students should take all courses indicated in the KU alignment.** One course may align with one or more KU(s), however, a course should not be aligned to an excessive number of KUs given the challenge of so many KU Outcomes coverage with a single course. For example, typically one course should not be aligned to more than five (5) KUs. One KU may align to multiple courses; however, this is not recommended. KU alignment is only needed for courses that are identified for alignment with the KUs. Course learning outcomes will also be aligned (as a set) to the relevant KU(s), while the KU Outcomes will be shown (as a set) to provide guidance on the coverage (See Appendix 2 - example 1e1). As part of the application, the academic institution will provide information on the academic year that each of the KU aligned courses was last offered. Additionally, the academic institution will provide explanations on how they manage multiple sections of the KU aligned courses in some form of equivalency.

Requirements:

1. Provide a narrative on the description of the PoS, explain the overall KU alignment to the PoS.
2. For Graduate programs (MS or Doctoral) that seek exemption from any of the KUs, provide evidence that students are admitted with the foundational and core knowledge.
3. Provide the KU Alignment Summary Table for the PoS (in PDF) (See Appendix 2 - examples 1e2).
4. Identify PoS courses that are part of the KU alignment.

5. Provide *course learning outcomes* for all KU aligned courses as documented in official academic institution documentation (Course catalog, program website, etc.).
6. Provided the academic year each KU aligned course was last offered or is planned to be offered.
7. In the case of multiple sections of a KU aligned course, provide explanation on how they all are managed in some form of equivalency. If no multiple sections are offered, provide a statement to attest to that.

Appendix 1 provides a list of **Required and Optional Knowledge Units for the CyberAI Program**.

Appendix 2 provides an overview and examples of the **KU Alignment Requirements for the CyberAI Program**.

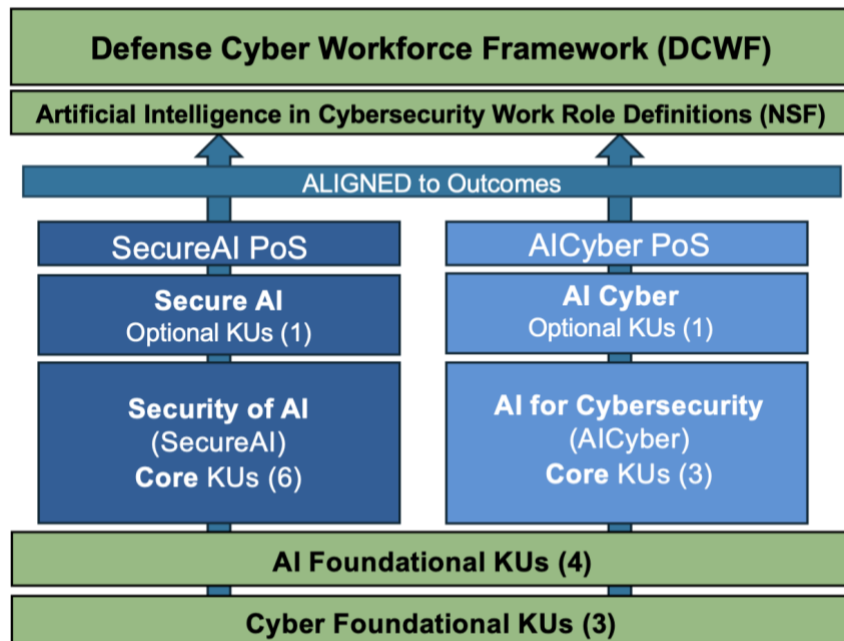


Figure 5. CyberAI Program of Study Model

2. Students

All the following elements should be directly relatable to the defined PoS as documented in the application.

a. Student Enrollment/Graduation in the PoS(s)

Demonstration that a PoS has actual student outputs is an essential part of the application.

Requirements (All required within the last three (3) years):

1. Provide up to three years student enrollment (unduplicated/headcount) in the PoS, minimum of one year enrollment is required (each year separately).
2. Provide official institutional letters for the enrollment (unduplicated/headcount) and graduation in the PoS for the last three years, each year separately (letter from the Registrar, Institutional Effectiveness, or equivalent. Letters from a program director or a POC are not acceptable) (in PDF).
3. Provide at least three (3) redacted student transcripts, showing the student graduated or attended within the last three years and clearly highlight the courses taken that are in the KUs alignment. All KU aligned courses must appear on the transcript.

b. Sample student certificate/notation on transcript/official letter

Graduates from CyberAI validated PoS should receive documentation from the institution recognizing their completion of the NSA Validated PoS and if the academic institution also holds an NSA NCAE-C, recognition should be made for their completion from a PoS that is also under an NSA NCAE-C designated "Center". Usage of the NCAE-C and CAE-C logos must adhere to the guidelines established in the CAE in Cybersecurity Community Style Guide (<https://www.caecommunity.org/style-guide>).

Requirement:

1. Provide a sample certificate, draft of official letter, or proposed notation on transcript to be issued to students completing the PoS indicating they completed the NSA Validated PoS and if the academic institution also holds an NSA NCAE-C, recognition should be made for their completion from a PoS that is also under an NSA NCAE-C designated “Center”.

c. Students’ Work Products (papers, assignments, labs, etc.)

Sample student work products are important to evaluate the quality and depth of students’ work during the PoS. Student work products are (but not limited to): papers, assignments, projects, presentations, lab exercises, test questions.

Requirement (All required):

1. Provide samples of six students’ work products from six different assignments (six files total) within the last three years. Samples can be (but not limited to): papers, assignments, projects, presentations, lab exercises, test questions from at least two courses in the PoS that are in the KU alignment. Student names should be removed prior to submission. Students’ work products should not include grades or grading comments, only the original students work. Combine the guidelines (i.e. what students are asked to do) for students’ work products, **indicate the course and the KU that each is associated with**, and one sample student work (name redacted) into a single file for each of the student’s work (in six separate PDFs).

d. Student Competency Development and Ethical Conduct

Requirement 1b listed the requirements for the applying or re-designating PoS. A focus on competency provides an effective bridge between the students’ educational experiences and the workplace, and competencies connect students’ learning (through their academic program, co-curricular, and extra-curricular activities) to cybersecurity work roles. Within the NCAE-C and in terms of the process of Re-designation, competency means the ability of the student to complete a task within the context of a work role. Every competency can be described through the Essential Elements (ABCDE) framework. The five essential elements to every competency are the **actor**, **behavior** (task), **context**, **degree**, and **employability** (as shown in Table 2).

Table 2. The NCAE-C Essential Elements (ABCDE) Framework of Competency

Elements	Purpose	Element Descriptions
A ctor	Who?	Who is involved in this competency? What background knowledge/experience/previous learning are necessary for this competency?
B ehavior	What?	What is being done? Maps directly onto tasks from either the DCWF or the NICE Framework.
C ontext	How?	How is this task being done? With what resources, affordances and constraints?
D egree	How much?	From an employer’s perspective, what possible measures of time, accuracy or completion might be expected from someone who is competent with this task.
E mployability	Professional skills	What professional skills are necessary to be competent with this task?

The alignment of competency activities with identified cybersecurity work roles supports students’ discovery of different areas in cybersecurity where they can competently apply their acquired knowledge and skills within the context of a work role, this supports students in making connections between these opportunities and resume bullets and/or talking points in interviews. The activities also support the development of the professional skills required by employers. Developing competency statements should not be difficult for educators considering that cybersecurity has long been a field of applied curricular, co-curricular, and extracurricular activities that offer hands-on experiences for students. Documentation of

student participation in extracurricular activities can demonstrate program opportunities for students. Appendix 3 offers an overview of NCAE-C resources to assist in ethics education, professional skills development, career awareness, and career pathways.

Requirements (All required):

1. **Identify 5 to 10 most relevant work role tasks from DCWF or NICE Framework** (given that one task can be used for more than one competency statement) from the previously identified work roles in Requirement 1b that students engage with as part of competency activities delivered within the curriculum and/or within co-curricular and extra-curricular activities. At least five of these tasks must be delivered within the PoS. Only the tasks used for the competency statements should be selected here.
2. **Identify and list 10 competency statements** relating to the PoS that are available to students to engage with as part of competency activities. Refer to the [Competency in Education Handbook](#) for further guidance and examples. At least five of these competency statements must be related to curricular activities that all students experience within the PoS and the remaining statements may focus on co-curricular and/or extra-curricular experiences offered as part of the PoS. (Combined to a single PDF). Examples of activities:

- **Curricular Activities:** e.g., classroom activities, required labs, assigned hands-on exercises and/or games, capstone or research projects that are part of the academic curriculum, **and/or**
- **Co-curricular activities:** e.g., optional lab sessions, faculty-guided research, student club activities focused on relevant topics, workshops, seminars, or enrichment programs that complement the formal curriculum, **and/or**
- **Extracurricular Activities:** e.g., cyber competitions, participation in cyber-ranges outside of course requirements, internships/coops, community outreach or service activities, conferences, professional association events.

3. **Provide a brief statement of how the 10 identified competency statements were implemented and evaluated** with the PoS students to demonstrate that they successfully performed these competencies during the past three years.
4. **Provide three (3) pieces of evidence of PoS student engagement in ethical education** (see examples in Appendix 3 – e.g., an ethics course, module, assignment, independent study, introduction and attestation to the NCAE-C Code of Ethics and Professional Conduct, Montreal Professionalism and Ethics Toolkit, competitions to enhance baseline knowledge in ethics) (in a PDF file).
5. **Provide evidence of three students' participation in separate extracurricular activities within the last three years**, which may include (but are not limited to): experiential learning activities, local/regional/national cyber exercises and competitions, outreach to community colleges and high schools, computer check-up days, summer internship program, industry guest lectures, etc. Provide dates and descriptions for each piece of evidence provided.

3. Faculty Members

Faculty members are the instrument that delivers the PoS content to students via courses and other learning experiences. The cybersecurity and/or AI faculty should have appropriate experience associated with the PoS and courses they are assigned. The NCAE-C program will rely upon the institutional accreditation process to determine the correct credentials to be a faculty member. An examination of faculty members' curriculum vitae (CV) or resume as part of the review process can determine the appropriate level of cybersecurity and/or AI experience, knowledge, and preparation. A portion of the faculty responsible for the program is required to be full-time members teaching at the PoS, with the remainder being adjuncts or part-time. The institution's accreditation-based documentation for faculty academic credential qualifications will be the basis for this PoS validation requirement. **Faculty members must support enrolled students by serving as mentors or advisors to student-led activities, and/or by participation or sponsorship of cybersecurity and/or AI exercises and/or competitions (e.g., in-class, regional, state, and/or national competition(s)) within the last three years.** Evidence must include links to student clubs, cyber defense exercises, link to team roster on a competition

website, link to social media about the exercise, or other forms of official acknowledgement that include a full description of the activity, the date, and the nature of the participation.

Requirements (All required):

- a. Identify the Point-of-Contact (POC) for the PoS (a full-time/permanent faculty member of the institution directly involved with the representative academic program) including name, phone number, and e-mail address. The POC is expected to take full responsibility and provide support for the Validation and/or Designation. This means ensuring programs are fully supported by the institution long term. Note: This will be the person who will be contacted by the PMO and/or the National Centers for all NCAE-C program updates, grants and scholarship opportunities, upcoming events, and other administrative communications. Identify the Alternate POC for the PoS. The individual assigned to this role is one whom is a full-time/permanent employee in a professional capacity (not an administrative assistant personnel) and is a secondary contact to the POC.
- b. Identify all faculty members in the program including name, phone number, and e-mail address, highest degree earned, field and year, academic rank, type of academic appointment (Tenure Track, Tenured, Continuing Contract, Non-Tenure Track, etc.), full-time, part-time, or adjunct status, and years of academic experience. Provide a CV or resume for each faculty member teaching course(s) in the KU alignment with their cybersecurity and/or AI or related qualifications identified. These CVs should be abbreviated to up to four (4) pages each to address necessary elements including maintenance of currency, publications, research, industry involvement, Continuing Professional Education (CPE), presentations, certifications, workshops attended, professional registration and/or certification (if applicable), level of activity in professional organization, professional development, and consulting or summer work in industry (high, medium, or low) (One PDF per faculty member teaching course(s) in the KU alignment, 10 max).
- c. Provide evidence for faculty members support of enrolled students by serving as mentors or advisors to student-led activities, and/or by participation or sponsorship of cybersecurity and/or AI exercises and/or competitions (e.g., in-class, regional, state, and/or national competition(s)) within the last three years. Evidence must include link(s), such as: link to student clubs, link to cyber defense exercises, link to team roster on a competition website, link to social media about the exercise, or other forms of official acknowledgement that include a full description of the activity, the date, and the nature of the participation (all links and evidence information provided within a single PDF).
- d. Provide evidence for institutional process of faculty promotion/reappointment (e.g., the relevant section of the Faculty Policy Manual) (in a single PDF). Highlight the specific section on promotion and/or add a note on the first page with the section and/or page numbers where this process is found. If there is no faculty promotion/reappointment process, write a justification with an explanation (in a single PDF).

4. Continuous Program Improvement

A key element to ensure vitality and functionality over time is a strong continuous program improvement plan, process, and regular evaluation schedule. A process-driven continuous program improvement plan directed at the Program-Level Learning Outcomes is an essential element of the program. At regular academic intervals, selected Program-Level Learning Outcomes should be assessed by an analysis of student work via the learning outcome assessment indicators to demonstrate whether attainment of defined levels of performance is being achieved. This is done by assessing specific elements of student performance against defined rubrics to demonstrate student level of achievement. This is not just using course grades, but rather a granular analysis of specific assignments that demonstrate competence associated with the defined Program-Level Learning Outcomes. For each Program-Level Learning Outcome item, a defined set of student work elements will be identified, associated rubrics developed to score them defined, and a desired standard of student achievement defined. Then, student work will be scored to see if the program is meeting the desired level of attainment for each of the Program-Level Learning Outcomes. As a normal part of the process, one or more steps should be initiated to improve student attainment of the Program-Level Learning Outcomes over time. The changes will be evaluated at a future assessment period. All of the associated process improvement activities should be driven by the faculty associated with the PoS, not by random individual

actions. Records of the assessments, the process, and the documented plans for improvement, should be kept and submitted as part of the annual reports and at re-designation. Documentations for continuous program improvement plan, process, and regular evaluation schedule are expected to match those that the academic institution files with their accreditation body(ies).

a. Continuous Program Improvement Plan for the PoS

The *Continuous Program Improvement Plan* for the PoS commonly includes four parts that the academic institution and/or academic unit documents to enhance the overall quality of its PoS:

- 1) Strategic process planning goals for the PoS
- 2) The Program-Level Learning Outcomes for the PoS
- 3) Description of the assessments of the Program-Level Learning Outcomes
- 4) Proposed changes to enhance the quality of the PoS

Requirement:

1. Provide documentation of a Continuous Program Improvement Plan for the PoS (in PDF).

b. Continuous Program Improvement Process for the PoS

The *Continuous Program Improvement Process* commonly includes the four parts of the plan indicated above with a clearly identified end of a given process cycle (See Figure 6). Evidence must be provided of specific improvement efforts linked to assessment of the designated metrics. An institution should be prepared to adjust the process upon completion of a Continuous Program Improvement Process cycle.

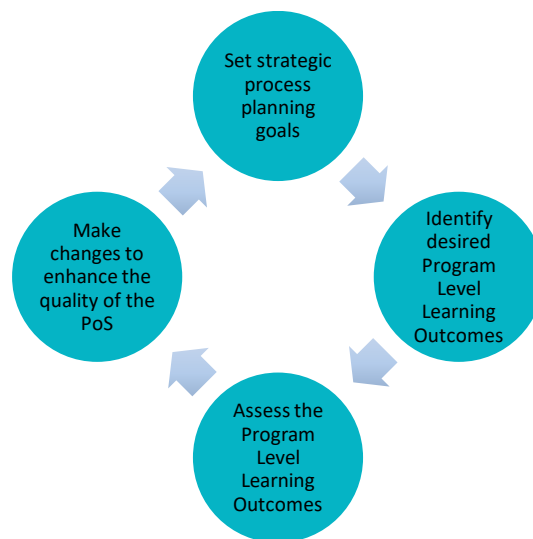


Figure 6. Continuous Program Improvement - Regular Evaluation Cycle

Requirement:

1. Provide documentation of the Continuous Program Improvement Process with specific improvement efforts linked to assessments (in PDF).

c. Continuous Program Improvement - Regular Evaluation Schedule for the PoS

Continuous Program Improvement - Regular Evaluation Schedule for the PoS may include (but not be limited to) a yearly, quarterly, each term, or monthly curriculum committee meeting set to evaluate the Program-Level Learning Outcomes, the assessment indicators, all other metrics, discussing the continuous program improvement plan and process along with adjustments needed.

Requirement:

1. Provide documentation of the Continuous Program Improvement - Regular Evaluation Schedule (in PDF).

PART II: CAE-CAI APPLICATION – NCAE-C DESIGNATION/RE-DESIGNATION CRITERIA

Overview

Table 3 lists the required criteria for CAE-CAI Designation/Re-designation. Currently designated CAE-CD or CAE-CO institutions in good standing (not on Probation or Suspension), that are up for re-designation, no less than two years from application, are exempt from Criteria 1, 3, 4, 8, 9a, and 10. Institutions can choose to select a different “Center” to satisfy Criterion 4: Established “Center” for Cybersecurity, but they will no longer be exempt from Criterion 4.

Table 3. Summary of CAE-CAI Designation/Re-designation Required Criteria

1. Accreditation: The academic institution must be a U.S. institution of higher education that holds current regional accreditation authorized by the U.S. Department of Education to award associate degrees or higher to apply for any NCAE-C Designation.
2. Institution Commitment: A letter of intent and endorsement, signed by the Provost or higher, documenting that the institution is aware of the expectations and responsibilities associated with the NCAE-C program including established “Center” for cybersecurity and/or AI, identified NCAE-C POC, as well as acknowledging minimum participation expectations, including responsible use of AI, annual update of required metrics, attendance at annual events, and active participation in the CAE Community.
3. Evidence of Sound Cybersecurity Posture and Plan: Institutions shall have a sound institutional cybersecurity posture including a dedicated official to oversee implementation to provide an overview of the institution’s ability to protect critical information and systems processing that information. A signed letter on official letterhead from the officer assigned with direct responsibility for institutional cybersecurity, attesting to the fact that the institution has a solid cybersecurity posture and plan in place, along with examples of cybersecurity plan implementations through awareness, training and tutorials, log in security banners, etc. will suffice.
4. Established “Center” for Cybersecurity and/or AI: An officially established “Center” (either physical or virtual) for Cybersecurity and/or AI providing program guidance and oversight, general cyber defense information, collaboration and outreach opportunities among students, faculty, other academic units/departments in the same institution, and other institutions, and a website that is dynamic, current and visible within the institution and the external community at large that also list the PoS Validated program(s). The “Center” must have an external board of advisors (maybe shared with other programs).
5. Affirmation of the NCAE-C Core Values and Guiding Principles: Applicant institutions will affirm their commitment to the NCAE-C Core Values as part of the Designation application, and are expected to follow the Guiding Principles indicated on each of the three NCAE-C Core Values (not to be submitted, affirmed only).
6. Sustainability: The institution must demonstrate the necessary resources, capacity and processes for the CyberAI program to be successful are provided on a continuing basis.
7. Faculty Professional Development: The institution must provide evidence of faculty access to cybersecurity and AI professional development including time release (e.g., course load reduction, sabbatical) and/or financial support for faculty (e.g., attendance in cybersecurity and AI training/events, attaining certificates/further education, etc.), connection to industry/practitioners (e.g., ongoing access to guest lecturers working in the cybersecurity and AI industry and government, faculty exchange program with industry and/or government, summer research programs for faculty, etc.). Provide flyers, posters, letters, etc.
8. Cybersecurity/AI Academic Integration: Demonstrate cybersecurity/AI content is integrated into additional degree programs within the academic institution.
9. Program Involvement: The academic institution must demonstrate how cybersecurity and/or CyberAI practices are extended beyond the normal boundaries of the institution. Show how cybersecurity and/or CyberAI concepts developed at the academic institution are shared with others to improve the practice of CyberAI in the community.
10. Transfer of Credit/Articulation Agreements: Provide evidence of Articulation/Transfer agreements with institutions offering a concentration or cybersecurity and AI (or related field) degrees/areas of study/track or certificates (United States Military Academies are exempt). Examples include statewide transfer agreements, articulation agreements, credit for prior learning, credit for military training, or membership in Transfer Evaluation Services (TES) with evidence of several transfer credits institutions in the geographic area.

CAE-CAI Designation/Re-designation Criteria

The following criteria form the necessary documentation to demonstrate that the institution has the necessary resources, capacity, and processes to be a successful CAE-CAI, and in the case of Re-designation that it is also involved in the CAE Community. All of the criteria are required of all CAE-CAI applicants, both initial and at Re-designation.

1. Accreditation

The academic institution must be a U.S. institution of higher education, degree-granting institution offering cybersecurity-related degrees including majors, minors, and/or certificates at the Associates, Bachelors' and Graduate levels, and regionally accredited, as outlined by the Department of Education (<http://ope.ed.gov/accreditation/>), to hold any NCAE-C Designation.

Requirement:

- a. Provide URL at the academic institution's domain to demonstrate that the academic institution is regionally accredited at the time of application.

2. Institutional Commitment

The letter of intent and endorsement, signed by the Provost or Higher, demonstrating that the institution is aware of the expectations and responsibilities associated with the CAE-C program. The letter must express institutional commitment to excellence in the cybersecurity and AI fields and support of the program the institution is submitting for NCAE-C Designation, identify the NCAE-C Point of Contact (POC) from the institution, state institutional support of an official Cybersecurity and/or AI "Center" within the institution, identify regional accreditation information, and list the program(s) of study supporting the requested Designation. Submission of this letter acknowledges minimum participation expectations including: submission of an Annual Report or annual update of application data in the application tool; attendance at the CAE in Cybersecurity Community Symposium each year; regular communication with the NCAE-C PMO, the CAE Community, and the CAE Community of Practice – Cyber Artificial Intelligence (CoP-CAI) and actively participate in the CAE Community and support the NCAE-C programs. This letter must be submitted early in the process to demonstrate that the institution supports the application, executive leadership acknowledges and supports the NCAE-C program, and the institution is committed to meeting all required criteria throughout the life of the Designation.

Requirements (all required):

- a. Provide a letter of intent and endorsement to participate in the NCAE-C program (in PDF, do not mail) that:
 1. Is written on official institution letterhead, signed by the Provost or higher and addressed to (Do not mail the letter):
National Security Agency
Attn: CAE Program Director
9800 Savage Road
Ft. Meade, MD 20755-6804
 2. Identifies regional accreditation information.
 3. Expresses institutional commitment to excellence in the cybersecurity field.
 4. Expresses institutional commitment to excellence in the responsible use of AI.
 5. Identify and provide institutional support of an established "Center" for Cybersecurity and/or AI within the institution.
 6. Identify the NCAE-C CAE-CAI Point of Contact (POC) from the institution.
 7. Lists the program(s) of study supporting the requested Designation.
- b. Provide acknowledgement to follow the minimum participation expectations of a NCAE-C:
 1. Submission of a mandatory Annual Report with all required information.
 2. Attendance at the CAE in Cybersecurity Community Symposium each year.

3. Regular communication with the NCAE-C PMO, the CAE Community, and the CAE and the CAE Candidates National and Peer Review Centers, including responding to email, offers input and suggestions for workshops, programs, etc.
4. Active participation in the CAE Community, Communities of Practice (CoPs), and support of the NCAE-C program, including acting as a mentor or application reviewer, participation on working groups, supporting program initiatives, briefing or lecturing for the CAE Lecture Series, webinars, and so on.

3. Evidence of Sound Cybersecurity Posture and Plan

Institutions shall have a sound institutional cybersecurity posture and plan including a dedicated official to oversee its implementation to provide an overview of the institution's ability to protect critical information and systems processing that information. The institution must demonstrate that they have the proper cybersecurity resources including a dedicated official, such as the CISO or CIO, with formal responsibility for the institution's cybersecurity posture and plan, that the cybersecurity posture and plan is maintained and functionally appropriate to mitigate cyber-attacks to the institutional information assets, and that the institution has a formal cybersecurity awareness program.

Requirements (all required):

- a. Provide a signed letter on official letterhead from the officer assigned with direct responsibility for institutional cybersecurity, attesting to the fact that the institution has a sound cybersecurity posture and plan in place (in PDF).
- b. Provide the name, title, and job description for the individual responsible for the institution cybersecurity program.
- c. Provide six (6) separate examples of how the institution implements its cybersecurity plan through awareness, training and tutorials, log in security banners, user acknowledgements, online help and good security practice guides (e.g., Students, faculty and staff are required to take computer based training or online tutorials; a security banner statement is present on institution or department computers; security related help screens are available; students are provided with a guide on good security practices, etc.) (in six separate PDFs).

4. Established "Center" for Cybersecurity and/or AI

The institution must have an officially established entity (either physical and/or virtual) serving as the focal point for its cyber curriculum and practice. The "Center" shall provide the following services: program guidance and oversight; general Cybersecurity and/or AI information; and collaboration and outreach opportunities among students, faculty, and other institutions. Additionally, the "Center" must be supported by a website that is current and visible within the institution and the external community at large. The "Center" must have an external board of advisors – local/national industry professionals, faculty from other institutions, etc. to provide programmatic guidance over the activities of the "Center" and the NCAE-C program as a whole. This board provides a connection between the program(s), "Center", college/department, and the local community. The external board of advisors can be shared with other programs in the college/department. Usage of the NCAE-C and CAE-C logos must adhere to the guidelines established in the CAE in Cybersecurity Community Style Guide (<https://www.caecommunity.org/style-guide>).

Requirement (all required):

- a. Provide URL at the academic institution's domain to demonstrate that the academic institution has an established Website for the "Center" for Cybersecurity and/or CyberAI including:
 - The "Center" Website (URL) is visible within the institution and the external community at large.
 - "Center" POC is noted.
 - Information about and link to the program page of the Validated PoS(s).
 - Faculty members.
 - Links to student cybersecurity and/or CyberAI activities available to students at the institution and beyond.

- News that includes both internal and external cybersecurity and/or AI news. Internal news should highlight cybersecurity and/or AI activities and efforts at the institution and/or other cybersecurity and/or AI activities of students and faculty representing the institution. External cybersecurity and/or AI news should highlight up-to-date trending cybersecurity information.
- Link to the institutional cybersecurity resources and awareness.
- Up-to-date links to key cybersecurity and/or AI resources for students such as cyber competitions.
- Documentation on the Industry Advisory Board/Committee.

5. **Affirmation of the NCAE-C Core Values and Guiding Principles**

NCAE-C at the academic institution is characterized by several common attributes including academic excellence and institutional excellence. These attributes are built upon a foundation of ethical behavior, a sharing environment, and a willingness to lead by example. These form the core values and guiding principles of the NCAE-C program. Applicant institutions will affirm their commitment to the NCAE-C Core Values as part of the *Designation* application, and are expected to follow the *Guiding Principles* indicated on each of the three Core Values (not to be submitted, affirmed only).

- a. **The *Ethical Behavior* Core Value:** The academic institution must encourage and support ethical behavior by students, faculty, administrators, and professional staff. It is expected that academic institutions with NCAE-C Designation will have in place all the Guiding Principles noted below.

Guiding Principles

- The academic institution has appropriate systems, policies, and procedures that reflect the support for and importance of ethical behavior for students, faculty, administrators, and professional staff in their professional and personal actions.
- The academic institution has in place published policies and procedures to support legal and ethical behaviors.
- The academic institution has systems, policies, and procedures that provide appropriate mechanisms for addressing breaches of ethical behavior.
- The academic institution has in place systems for detecting and addressing breaches of ethical behaviors, or other mechanisms to deter academic misconduct, such as honor codes, plagiarism detection tools, and disciplinary systems to manage inappropriate behavior.

- b. **The *Share* Core Value:** The institution enables an environment in which students, faculty, administrators, professional staff, and practitioners can share, interact, and collaborate with others in the fields of cybersecurity and AI.

Guiding Principles

- The academic institution has appropriate mechanisms for facilitating collaboration between institutions, both NCAE-C and non-NCAE-C institutions.
- The academic institution has appropriate mechanisms to share resources, instructional material, faculty, and/or facilities between institutions, both NCAE-C and non-NCAE-C institutions.
- The academic institution engages students, faculty, administrators, professional staff, and practitioners in practices of successful information/resources sharing or joint events.

- c. **The *Lead by Example* Core Value:** The institution demonstrates a commitment to address, engage, and respond to current and emerging cybersecurity issues in the classroom, the institution itself, and outside the institution.

Guiding Principles

- The institution leads multidisciplinary cybersecurity activities and/or programs.
- The institution leads cybersecurity outreach activities.

- The cybersecurity program functions are conducted as part of an institutional and/or college/departmental effort, beyond a single isolated professor's efforts. This can include connection to the institution's mission, vision and strategic plans.

6. Sustainability

Sustainability of programs at the academic institution is an important component of the NCAE-C program. Having full-time permanent faculty members associated with the "Center" and PoS Validated program(s) are needed to run the continuous program improvement aspects of the program as well as elements such as outreach and ensure the continuous commitment to the NCAE-C program Core Values at the institution. Having these full-time permanent administration personnel, and POC (who may be a faculty member as well) identified in the application is part of assuring that the institution has the necessary resources, capacity, and processes for the cybersecurity program(s) to be successful.

Requirements (all required):

- a.-e. Identify the administrative head of academic unit housing the established "Center" for Cybersecurity and/or AI (Dean, Associate Dean, Department Chair, etc.) including name, phone number, e-mail address, and indicate the number of year(s) the individual has been working full-time for the academic institution. Also, provide CV of the administrative head of academic unit housing the established "Center" for Cybersecurity (in PDF).
- f.-h. Identify the Point-of-Contact (POC) for the NCAE-C Designation (one applying for) and/or established "Center" for Cybersecurity and/or AI (Department chair, faculty lead, NCAE-C POC, etc.) including name, phone number, e-mail address, and indicate the number of year(s) the individual has been working full-time for the academic institution. Also, provide CV of the POC and indicate year the individual joined the academic institution (in PDF). CVs may not be more than four (4) pages.
- i.-k. Identify the alternate POC for the NCAE-C Designation (one applying for) and/or established "Center" for Cybersecurity and/or AI including name, phone number, e-mail address, and indicate the number of year(s) the individual has been working full-time for the academic institution. Also, provide CV of the alternate POC for the NCAE-C Designation (one applying for) and/or established "Center" for Cybersecurity and/or AI (in PDF).

7. Faculty Professional Development

Professional development for faculty at the academic institution is an important component of the NCAE-C program. Ongoing access to working professionals and practitioners during their time in a NCAE-C program is needed for faculty in order to maintain and improve the program as well as a crucial component of elements such as outreach, industry and government connections, awareness of the quality of the faculty and students at the institution, etc. There are many formats for such professional development opportunities, but the obvious elements are guest lecturers working in cybersecurity industry and government. Faculty development may be in the form of encouragement and time release (e.g., course load reduction, sabbatical) and/or financial support to attend and participate in Cybersecurity and/or AI training, professional certifications, teaching certificates, continuing education credits, doctoral programs, relevant conferences, faculty exchange program with industry and/or government, summer research programs for faculty, and/or other events. Identifying these professional development opportunities for faculty in the application is part of assuring that the institution has the necessary resources, capacity, and processes for synergistic success. The established "Center" for Cybersecurity and/or AI at the institution is the likely sponsor for these activities or shared with the department/college in which it is housed. What is important is that these professional development activities are not only available to faculty, but also, that the institution demonstrates that the faculty participated in these activities regularly during the academic year.

Requirement (evidence within the last three (3) years):

- a. Provide six (6) separate examples of Cybersecurity and/or AI professional development opportunities for faculty (three must be AI related) in the application over the past three years. Evidence files can be flyers, posters, letters, attendance records, or other evidence of actual participation in professional development for faculty (in six different PDFs).

8. Cybersecurity/AI Academic Integration

The institution shall demonstrate that cybersecurity and/or AI is not treated as an isolated discipline and cybersecurity/AI concepts are also integrated into additional degree programs within the institution **outside the PoS(s)** applied for or previously validated. For example: healthcare students learning about privacy and patient data protection with the use of AI, or accountants learning about AI usage and data protection, or students in law school and/or criminal justice learning about privacy laws and cyber-crime related to AI. Courses in this criterion cannot be courses in the applied for or previously validated PoS.

Requirements (all required):

- a. Identify three (3) different courses and their academic unit(s) (department/college/etc.) at the institution where students from the non-validated PoS (or non-PoS(s) applied for Validation) at other academic unit(s) (department/colleges) are exposed to cybersecurity and/or AI concepts.
- b. Provide the syllabi of the three (3) different courses identified where cybersecurity and/or AI modules are clearly highlighted from other academic unit(s) departments/colleges. Combine the syllabus, guidelines (i.e., what students are asked to do) of the work, and one sample student work into a single file for each of the three courses (Three separate PDFs).

9. Program Involvement

- a. **Outreach (For new CAE applicant (Candidate) and Re-designating Institutions):** One of the core values of the NCAE-C program is the sharing of cyber defense expertise. The institution must demonstrate how cyber defense and/or CyberAI practices are extended beyond the normal boundaries of the institution. Outreach activities help show how cyber defense and/or CyberAI concepts developed at the institution are shared with others, and how employers, theory, and practice are incorporated into the curriculum. Moreover, outreach activities allow the cybersecurity and/or CyberAI program to engage with the government and industry to provide pathways for graduates while maintaining an appropriate curriculum to place graduates into those jobs.

Outreach Requirements (Three (3) pieces of evidence for Candidates and four (4) for Re-designations):

Three (3) pieces of evidence are required for new CAE applicant institutions (Candidate institutions) and four (4) pieces of evidence are required for Re-designating institutions. For Candidate institutions, these outreach efforts must all have occurred within the last three years, with at least one occurring within the last year. For re-designating institutions, these outreach efforts must have occurred during the current period of Designation and should be spread across the 5-year period (not all in one year).

Options (Submit a total of (3) pieces of evidence for new CAE applicant (Candidate) or a total of four (4) pieces of evidence for Re-designating Institutions):

1. Provide evidence of how the institution has **shared CyberAI-related curriculum and/or faculty with other schools**, including K-12 schools, community colleges, and/or technical schools to advance cyber defense and/or CyberAI knowledge. Identify specific materials provided, to whom the material was provided, when, and for what purpose. A good resource in the October Cyber Awareness Month is a link to resources: <https://staysafeonline.org/>, or AI literacy day: <https://ailiteracyday.org/>. Any additional supporting documentation of this exchange, such as emails, formal meeting notes, links to material on accepting parties' websites, etc. is encouraged (in PDF).
2. Provide evidence of **faculty member/employee sponsorship or oversight of students for cyber events for the community at large**. These events must be outreach focused and include cybersecurity and/or AI awareness and education for local schools, adult education centers, senior centers, camps, first responder training, and the surrounding community (in PDF).
3. Provide evidence of the methods used by the institution to reach out to potential employers. This could be to support student placement for cyber-related internships and jobs. (e.g., Career Fairs,

adding new employers job postings to HandShake, Partnerships, Memorandum of Understanding (MOUs)) (in PDF).

4. Provide evidence of **outreach to federal and/or regional government departments and agencies** in support of cybersecurity and/or AI policies and practices (e.g., CISA, State or local agencies, National Guard, etc.). Examples of outreach are hosting of agencies' events on-campus and/or faculty members serve as volunteers on agencies' working groups or advisory committees.
 5. Provide evidence of **obtaining input on curriculum** to meet industry needs (in PDF).
 6. **Re-designated institutions only:** Provide evidence of faculty members **collaborating with current NCAE-C institutions** on research, grants, course development, etc.
- b. **Participation (Applies to CAE-CAI Re-designating institutions only):** The *Share* and *Lead by Example* core values inspire the participation and contribution to the NCAE-C program requirements. Achieving the *shared governance* and *maintain/improve* NCAE-C Program objectives are dependent on the participation of Designation POCs. *Shared governance* refers to the collaboration between the PMO, designated institution representatives, and federal partners to develop strategy and implement program standard procedures for the CAE Community, the Candidates' Program and Communities of Practice. The *maintain and improve* objective is also dependent on participation of Designation POCs to help develop and manage curriculum and other resources for student and faculty development. For re-designating institutions, these participation efforts must have occurred during the current period of Designation. Total of eight (8) CAE meetings are required, four (4) from 9b1 and four (4) from 9b2 (see below) spread across the 5-year period (not all in one year). Provide evidence of annual participation leading up to Re-designation for attending mandatory CAE annual meetings and participation in CAE Community events. If unable to attend either of the mandatory meetings, justification must be provided.

Participation Requirements (Institutions must separately provide eight (8) pieces of evidence, four (4) from 9b1 and four (4) 9b2):

1. The primary Point of Contact (POC) and/or the alternate POC at CAE designated institutions must **confirm attendance at one (1) mandatory CAE annual meeting each year**. Provide four (4) pieces of evidence in a PDF file, of annual attendance leading up to Re-designation. If unable to attend, provide justification.
 - NCAE-C Program Management Office (PMO) Annual Meeting, Or
 - CAE in Cybersecurity Annual Symposium (held annually)
2. Re-designating institutions must also **participate, in at least four of the following CAE Community events**, either in person or in a virtual environment in the past five years. Provide four (4) pieces of evidence in a PDF file, for annual attendance leading up to Re-designation. If unable to attend, provide justification.

Examples are as follows:

- NCAE-C events such as CAE Regional workshops, or similar regional or topic focused event
- CAE Orientation Meeting
- CAE Candidates/Reviewers event
- NCyTE workshop or event
- CAE Community of Practice (CoP) in Cyber Artificial Intelligence (CAI) event
- CAE Virtual Monthly Meetup

Note: Evidence for participation may be provided as a copy of email, letter, attendance or participation or attestation by a committee or event chair.

- c. **Contributions (Applies to CAE-CAI Re-designating institutions only):** Re-designating institutions must make meaningful contributions to the welfare and growth of the NCAE-C program each year. These contributions are on behalf of the institution, meaning the POC, alternate POC, or other faculty member may be the contributor, and it is not required that the same individual contribute each year. Different individual may provide the contribution each of the five years of the Designation period.

Contribution Requirements:

1. Institutions must demonstrate evidence of a minimum of four (4) contributions over the duration of the five-year Designation period.

Examples are as follows:

- Participation in the NCAE-C grants program as a single grantee, coalition lead, or coalition member.
- Supporting a DoW Cyber Service Academy (CSA) grant at the institution.
- Service for one year as a PoS Validation and/or NCAE-C Designation mentor, reviewer, advisor, or active chair of a Working Group, CoP-CAI Initiative, or any other leadership role.
- Active membership in a CAE Working Group, CAE Community Initiative, CoP-CAI Steering Committee and/or Initiative, or engagement in another active role within the CAE Community. A detailed justification AND evidence must accompany this role. ***Listing 'other active roles in the CAE Community' without valid justification will disqualify the contribution.***
- Contribution by faculty members from the institution to the CAE Community through presentations in CAE in Cybersecurity Community Symposiums, providing feedback to competition organizers (NCAE Cyber Games, NCL, CCDC, etc.), delivering talks, lecture series, presentations, chairing sessions, lightning talks, and/or workshops at meetings and/or other events hosted by the CAE in Cybersecurity Community, NCAE-C CoP-CAI, CNC, NCyTE, and/or CAE Tech Talk/Forum.
- Participation by faculty and/or staff in the FBI Citizens Academy and regular involvement in their respective FBI Citizens Academy Alumni Association, or leadership/assistance in regional events affiliated with InfraGard (<https://www.infragard.org/>).
- Contribution of curricular resources by faculty members to the CLARK Center (<https://www.clark.center/home>), and/or providing three meaningful reviews of curricular resources to CLARK.

10. Transfer of Credit/Articulation Agreements

Transfer of Credit/Articulation Agreements to/from other academic institutions are important and needed to demonstrate the pipeline in cybersecurity, in the context of offering a concentration and/or cybersecurity (or related field) degrees/areas of study/track and/or certificates. Agreements should be with community colleges, technical schools, minority colleges/universities, other colleges/universities, and/or with high schools (cyber-related or technical pre-requisites, not just general pathway programs). United States Military Academies are exempt (provide justifications).

Requirement:

- a. Provide evidence that the institution awards credit in cybersecurity and/or AI related courses and/or technical prerequisite courses from other academic institutions, community colleges, tech schools, etc. or through alternative means or has agreements for transferring their courses to other schools. Examples include but are not limited to: transfer agreements of credit to/from community colleges, articulation agreements, statewide transfer agreements, articulation agreements, college in the high school, dual credit, running start, credit for prior learning, credit for military training or occupation, and/or membership in Transfer Evaluation Services (TES) (in PDF).

PART III: NCAE-C POST-DESIGNATION REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Overview

Academic institutions holding any NCAE-C Designations (e.g., CAE-CAI) must update their relevant qualifying Designation criteria information yearly by an annual report or in the reporting tool.

Continuous Program Improvement Plan and Process

A key element to ensure vitality and functionality over time is a strong continuous program improvement plan and process. A continuous program improvement process directed at the Program-Level Learning Outcomes is an essential element of the program. All NCAE-C Designations are required to show a continuous program improvement plan and process, during the Re-designation process every fifth year.

Institutional Metrics

There is a continual need for specific metric elements associated with institution performance to demonstrate the veracity and efficacy of the NCAE-C program. Items such as number of students, number of graduates, and other “metric” elements are used by the NCAE-C PMO to document program effectiveness with a wide constituency. The needed elements are defined by the PMO and collected at application time and annually.

Expectations of All Designated Institutions

- Newly designated institutions and newly assigned institution POCs will send a Program Representative to an orientation meeting within six months of Designation date. PMO will notify institutions when dates are scheduled.
- The appointed Point of Contact (POC) is expected to represent the academic institutions by participating in program activities and projects. Participation may include, but is not limited to, acting as an Advisor, Mentor, or Reviewer; participation in program management Working Groups; providing input on questions and projects sponsored by the PMO; contribute curriculum/resources for the use of NCAE-C designated institutions.
- Submit annual report on or before the due date established by the NSA PMO.
- Send a Program Representative to an annual CAE in Cybersecurity Community Symposium and/or the annual PMO Meeting and/or regional CAE Community Meetings
- Maintain validated program and Designation requirements
- Maintain continuous program improvement plan and process

1. Annual Report of Institutional Metrics

The most important requirement of post-Designation is the annual report of institutional metrics.

All NCAE-C Designation *MUST* submit their annual report of institutional metrics on or before the due date established by the NSA PMO.

There is a continual need for specific metric elements associated with institution performance. Items such as number of students, number of graduates, and other “metric” elements are used by the PMO to document program effectiveness with a wide constituency. The needed elements will be defined by the PMO and collected at application time and annually. These elements will be delivered via entry into a web-based data collection system and are the responsibility of the institution to keep current.

If the required annual report of institutional metrics is not submitted on time each year, a message is automatically sent to the POC’s supervisor or the appropriate Dean (see Table 4 for time-dependent additional consequences).

Table 4. Consequences of Failure to Submit the Annual Report of Institutional Metrics

Requirements	Consequence
1. Submit Annual Report on or before the due date	If the required information is not submitted on time, a message is automatically sent to the POC's supervisor or the appropriate Dean
After 30 days	If the information is not submitted within 30 days of the deadline, a message is sent to the President, cc to Dean; the institution is considered on probation, and faculty/POC/staff are ineligible for travel assistance to NCAE-C sponsored events. The institution's Designation returns to good standing upon submission of the report.
After 90 days	If the information is not submitted within 90 days of the deadline, the institution is ineligible for Grants or Scholarships issued by the PMO for the remainder of the calendar year, and the Institution is removed from the Designated list online; the President is notified of this action. The institution's Designation returns to good standing upon submission of the report.
After 120 days	If the information is not submitted within 120 days of the deadline, beyond the consequences noted in the 90 days mark, an ad hoc committee will be assigned to review the status of the program and report back to the PMO within 30 days. The committee will be authorized, at its discretion, to request documentation and to contact the POC(s), institutional administrators, or take other steps to review the current state of PoS Validation and/or NCAE-C Designation compliance in order to ascertain facts relevant to the status of the program/"Center" remaining in accordance with its most recent PoS Validation and/or NCAE-C Designation application. The PMO will receive a report from the ad hoc committee within 30 days of convening it with comprehensive documentation providing details about their assessment and may take any action deemed appropriate up to declaring the program to be in non-compliance. Upon finding a program in non-compliance the PMO will instruct an institution to remove all references to NCAE-C (including logos and other NCAE-C or CAE indicators) from all printed and electronic materials and to remove all references to NCAE-C status. The institution's Designation returns to good standing upon valid reply to the ad hoc committee and submission of the report.
Over 180 days	Failure to submit the report within 180 days, and or failure to acquire an extension from the PMO, will result in suspension from the program. Upon completion of the 30-day suspension, and if the institution is still non-responsive, the PMO will instruct an institution to remove all references to NCAE-C (including logos and other NCAE-C or CAE indicators) from all printed and electronic materials and to remove all references to NCAE-C status. The institution will be required to reapply for PoS Validation and/or NCAE-C re-Designation for return to good standing.
2. Maintain correct contact information	Important events, changes to the program, deadlines, and funding opportunities for POC, Dean and Institution President are distributed by email to the POC. Failure to keep information up to date results in missing out on recognition, speaking and publication opportunities, grant solicitations and other program benefits.
3. Major changes to designated Program of Study	Can result in reconsideration of the Designation, may include visiting committee or other visit. NSA reserves the right to rescind Designation(s) under circumstances where critical program requirements are not met any time during the Designation period.

2. Maintain Correct Contact Information

Important events, changes to the program, deadlines, and funding opportunities for POC, Dean, and Institution President are distributed by email to the POC. Failure to keep contact information up to date results in missing out on recognition, speaking and publication opportunities, grant solicitations and other program benefits. It is the role of the POC and/or other institutional staff overseeing the NCAE-C Designation to ensure that the information about the institution, the POC, Dean, and President, along with all other relevant Designation information is updated on a regular basis in the application tool and notification via email to the PMO.

3. Major Changes to Designated Program of Study(ies) (PoSs)

It is the role of the POC and/or other institutional staff overseeing the NCAE-C Designation to ensure that the information about the validated PoS(s) is/are up to date and reflecting the current courses in the program(s), the KU alignment, as well as Curriculum Map and Plan. Failure to keep validated PoS(s)' information up to date, can result in reconsideration of the Designation, may include a visiting committee or other visit. NSA reserves the right to rescind Designation(s) under circumstances where critical program requirements are not met any time during the Designation period.

4. Continuous Program Improvement Plan and Process

A strong continuous program improvement plan and a process for regular implementation of the plan are key elements to ensure vitality and functionality of the PoS over time. A process-driven continuous program improvement plan directed at the Program-Level Learning Outcomes is an essential element of the program. At regular academic intervals, selected Program-Level Learning Outcomes should be assessed by an analysis of student work to demonstrate whether attainment of defined levels of performance is being achieved. This is done by assessing specific elements of student performance against defined rubrics to demonstrate student level of achievement. This is not just using course grades, but rather a granular analysis of specific assignments that demonstrate competence associated with the defined Program-Level Learning Outcomes (i.e., the program outcome assessment indicators).

For each Program-Level Learning Outcome indicated in the Curriculum Map and Plan, a defined set of student work elements will be identified, associated rubrics developed to score them defined, and a desired standard of student achievement defined. Then, student work will be scored to see if the program is meeting the desired level of attainment for each of the Program-Level Learning Outcomes. A minimum of one, preferably two assessment items (i.e., the Program-Level Learning Outcome assessment indicator(s)) shall be chosen to measure each Program-Level Learning Outcome. These assessment indicator(s) will be graded at least once every three years (see Appendix 2 - examples 1 and 2 for requirement 1d1: Curriculum Map and Plan). It is not necessary to assess all Program-Level Learning Outcomes every year, nor is it desirable as changes should be gradual and measurable. Improvement efforts should be spaced out so that some Program-Level Learning Outcomes are assessed every year. For each assessment indicator, the class assignment and associated rubric used to measure the Program-Level Learning Outcome shall be provided (see Appendix 2 - examples for requirements 1d2 and 1d3).

As a normal part of the continuous program improvement process, one or more steps should be initiated to improve the Program-Level Learning Outcomes over time. The changes will be evaluated by the academic institution at a future assessment period. All of the associated process improvement activities should be driven by the faculty associated with the PoS, not by random individual actions. Records of the assessments, the process, and the documented plans for improvement, should be kept and submitted as part of the annual reports and at Re-designation.

PART IV: RECURRING REVIEW OF NCAE-C DESIGNATION INSTITUTIONAL CRITERIA

Academic institutions holding any NCAE-C Designations (e.g., CAE-CAI) must formally renew their PoS(s) Validation and NCAE-C Designation every five years.

APPENDIX 1 – REQUIRED AND OPTIONAL KNOWLEDGE UNITS LIST FOR SECURITY OF AI PROGRAM (AKA SECUREAI) & AI FOR CYBERSECURITY PROGRAM (AKA AICYBER)

Both program of studies have the same Cyber Foundational and AI foundational KUs (See Figure 5 above):

(3) Cyber Foundational KUs (all required): IT Systems Components (ISC), Cybersecurity Foundations (CSF), and Basic Scripting and Programming (BSP).

(4) AI Foundational KUs (all required): AI Governance, Laws, and Ethics (AIG), AI Fundamentals (AIF), Machine Learning Fundamentals (MLF), and Math Fundamentals (MAF).

The **Core KUs** are central to the design and focus of each program of study. They build on the foundational KUs to establish the specialized skills and knowledge necessary for success in the chosen field. Each program tailors its core KUs to address specific objectives, ensuring alignment with the program's goals.

(6) Core KUs for SecureAI program: This program is dedicated to protecting AI systems and ensuring their integrity, resilience, and reliability throughout their lifecycle. It requires **six core KUs**, reflecting a comprehensive focus on safeguarding AI technologies.

(3) Core KUs for AICyber program: This program focuses on applying Artificial Intelligence (AI) techniques to enhance cybersecurity. It requires **three core KUs**, which form the foundation for leveraging AI to detect, assess, and mitigate cyber threats.

Both programs of study require alignment with Core Knowledge Units (KUs) to ensure consistency and specialization. **Associates and bachelor's programs** must align their courses with the Core KUs of either SecureAI or AICyber. **Graduate programs**, however, have flexibility in meeting these requirements. They can either align their curriculum to the Core KUs or document a system to verify that incoming students have met the Foundational and Core KUs through prior coursework or professional experience. Institutions may use systems for evaluating students' readiness or require completion of specific courses and experiences during the program to address any gaps. This structure ensures that all students, regardless of their entry point, are equipped with the necessary expertise to succeed in their chosen program of study.

The six (6) **Security of AI** Program (aka SecureAI) **core** KUs are:

- Computer Science Foundations (from CAE-CO) (COF)
- Advanced Math for AI (AVM)
- Securing the AI Lifecycle (AIL)
- Machine Learning Algorithms (MLA)
- Deep Learning (DPL)
- Adversarial Learning (ADL)

The three (3) **AI for Cybersecurity** Program (aka AICyber) **core** KUs are:

- Basic Networking (from CAE-CD) (BNW)
- Network Defense (from CAE-CD) (NDF)
- AI for Security Assessment (AIS)

(1) Optional KUs (2 to choose from for each program) one must be adopted by the corresponding program to complete their program of study.

The two (2) Security of AI Program (aka SecureAI) **optional** KUs are:

- Model Selection, Evaluation, and Specification (MES)
- Risk Management of AI (AIR)

The two (2) AI for Cybersecurity Program (aka AICyber) **optional** KUs are:

- Defensive Applications of AI (DFA)
- Offensive Applications of AI (OFA)

The latest KUs are available at <https://www.cyber.mil/ncae-c/document-library>.

APPENDIX 2 – EXAMPLES OF CYBERAI POS VALIDATION REQUIREMENTS

Example for requirement 1a: PoS Curriculum Sheet (SecureAI):

Master of Science | Curriculum | Total Credits: 30

Students must take all 10 required courses. Students who wish to take an elective (above the 10 required courses) must request approval from the program office before registration.

- **SEC 500** Python Programming for AI
- **SEC 501** Advanced Mathematics for AI
- **SEC 502** Computer Systems and Architectures
- **SEC 577** Intro to Cybersecurity
- **SEC 503** Introduction to Machine Learning
- **SEC 680** Securing the AI Lifecycle
- **SEC 620** Deep Learning Applications
- **SEC 640** Adversarial Learning Techniques
- **SEC 650** Ethical and Secure AI Development
- **SEC 660** Risk Management of AI Systems

Example for requirement 1a: PoS Curriculum Sheet (AICyber):

Master of Science (M.S.) in Artificial Intelligence Cybersecurity | Curriculum

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE CYBERSECURITY

MASTER OF SCIENCE (M.S.)

Curriculum

PREREQUISITE COURSES

			Credits
CISC	501	Computer Organization and Architecture	3
CISC	502	Mathematics in Computing	3
CISC	503	Data Structures and Algorithms	3
MSIT	501	Foundations of Programming, Data Structures, and Algorithms	3

CORE COURSES (30 credits)

CISC	650	Computer Networks	3
CISC	670	Artificial Intelligence	3
ISEC	615	Fundamentals of Cybersecurity	3
ISEC	640	Database Security	3
ISEC	660	Advanced Network Security	3
ISEC	675	Information System Auditing	3
ISEC	692	AI Cybersecurity Project	3
MMIS	623	Ethics in Computing	3
MMIS	671	Data Analytics and AI	3
MSIT	675	Deep Learning	3

Example 1 for requirement 1d1: Curriculum Map and Plan:

Program-Level Learning Outcomes Curriculum Map and Plan

Program Name: BS in AI for Cybersecurity (AICyber)

Updated: 2026.XX.XX

Program-Level Learning Outcomes: <i>Graduates should be able to...</i>	AIC 210	AIC 290	AIC 202	AIC 336	AIC 377	AIC 461	AIC 440	AIC 450	AIC 418	AIC 481
1. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 1, Ex. "Apply security principles and practices to maintain operations in the presence of risks and threats"]	I	R			R		R	R		A
2. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 2, Ex. "Communicate professionally with customers and co-workers"]		I			R	R	R		R	A
3. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 3, Ex. "Analyze and design AI-driven systems and applications"]	I	R		R		R	R			A
4. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 4, Ex. "Assess and mitigate ethical, legal, and societal concerns of AI in cybersecurity."]							I	R	R	A
5. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 5, Ex. "Develop solutions for detecting, responding to, and mitigating cyber threats using AI techniques."]					I	R	R	R		A
6. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 6, Ex. "Demonstrate proficiency in programming, data analysis, and machine learning for cybersecurity applications."]	I	R	R	R		R				A

I, R, and A indicate the courses in which each Program-Level Learning Outcome is: introduced (I), reinforced (R), and formally assessed (A). The number of Program-Level Learning Outcomes may vary depending on the academic institution and level of the program.

Example 2 for requirement 1d1: Curriculum Map and Plan:

Program-Level Learning Outcomes Curriculum Map and Plan

Program Name: MS in SecureAI

Updated: 2026.XX.XX

Program-Level Learning Outcomes: <i>Graduates should be able to...</i>	SEC 500	SEC 501	SEC 502	SEC 503	Sec 577	SEC 620	SEC 640	SEC 650	SEC 660	SEC 680
1. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 1, Ex. "Communicate cybersecurity management concepts professionally"]	A1				A1			A2		
2. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 2, Ex. "Develop solutions for securing the AI lifecycle to mitigate risks."]			A1		A1		A1			A2
3. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 3, Ex. "Identify and mitigate vulnerabilities in AI models and pipelines."]			A1		A1		A2			
4. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 4, Ex. "Apply ethical and legal principles in the design of secure AI systems."]								A1		A2
5. [Program-Level Learning Outcome 5, Ex. "Design robust AI models resistant to adversarial attacks."]				A1						A2

A1 and A2 indicate the courses in which each Program-Level Learning Outcome is: formally assessed via Indicator 1 (A1) and formally assessed via Indicator 2 (A2). The number of Program-Level Learning Outcomes may vary depending on the academic institution and level of the program.

Example for requirement 1d2: General information for Program-Level learning outcome

Need to be submitted for each Program-Level Learning Outcome

Date report submitted	12-09-20xx
Program faculty who contributed to this report	Dr. Jane Doe
Program-Level learning outcome	Apply AI techniques to design, evaluate, and deploy defensive and offensive cybersecurity strategies.
Course(s) that formally assess(es) this program-level learning outcome (at its highest level, see Curriculum Map and Plan)	AIC 481 Case Studies in Cybersecurity Using AI
Number of students assessed for this program-learning level outcome	30
Quarter/Semester students were assessed (e.g., Winter 2024)	Fall 20xx

Example for requirement 1d3: Assessment of indicators for the Program-Level learning outcome (add more rows if necessary)

Can be one or more assessment indicators for each Program-Level Learning Outcome. Need to be submitted for each Program-Level Learning Outcome.

Program-Level Learning Outcome: Apply security principles and practices to maintain operations in the presence of risks and threats					
Course(s) that formally assess(es) this program-level learning outcome: ABC 216 - Industrial Control Systems Security					
Assessment Indicator(s) (taken from rubric)	Teaching and learning activities: List the most significant teaching and learning activities used by program faculty to facilitate the learning of this indicator in their class(es).	Graded assignment(s) that formally assesses each indicator at its highest level	Performance expectations: identify the percentage range for each level of performance by replacing the "xx's" below	Average score for the indicator as a percent	How well did the students perform? (right-click on the checkbox and select 'properties' and 'checked')
Malware Detection and Profiling	Students use AI-based tools to detect and analyze malware behaviors. Activities include running malware samples in a controlled sandbox, extracting features, and profiling malware families.	Group Project	Below expected levels: 0 – xx % At expected levels: xx – xx % Above expected levels: xx – 100 %	61%	☐ below expected levels ☒ at expected levels ☐ above expected levels
Offensive AI: Crafting Adversarial Examples	Students learn techniques to craft adversarial examples to bypass detection models using hands-on Python lab sessions. These activities are guided by program instructors.	Individual applied (hands-on) lab	Below expected levels: 0 – 70 % At expected levels: 71 – 89 % Above expected levels: 90 – 100%	100%	☐ below expected levels ☐ at expected levels ☒ above expected levels
Risk Analysis and Threat Modeling	Students analyze AI-generated security reports and create a threat model for a simulated organization. This includes in-class discussions and group presentations.	Final Report	Below expected levels: 0 – 70 % At expected levels: 71 – 89 % Above expected levels: 90 – 100%	100%	☐ below expected levels ☐ at expected levels ☒ above expected levels

Example for requirement 1d4: Overall assessment of a Program-Level learning outcome (please be thorough in all responses). Need to be submitted for each Assessment Indicator(s) in each Program-Level Learning Outcome.

Program-Level Learning Outcome: Apply security principles and practices to maintain operations in the presence of risks and threats	
Course(s) that formally assess(es) this program-level learning outcome: AIC 481 - Case Studies in Cybersecurity Using AI	
Assessment Indicator: Malware Detection and Profiling	
Overall, how well did the students perform on this Program-Level learning outcome? (right-click on the checkbox and select 'properties' and 'checked')	☐ below expected levels ☒ at expected levels ☐ above expected levels
Analyze assessment of indicator results documented by the “Average score for the indicator as a percent” and “How well did the students perform?”: What does the information in the previous reporting suggest to you about the performance expectations, the teaching strategies, and student learning?	The results indicate that while most students performed well on the hands-on aspects of malware detection, a few struggled with profiling and documenting malware behaviors in a structured format. Key areas needing improvement include understanding feature extraction from malware behaviors and creating detailed malware family profiles. Teaching strategies should include more hands-on labs focused on profiling techniques and report writing, as these are critical for cybersecurity professionals.
Next steps: Plans for reinforcing effective teaching and learning strategies and for improving student learning (clearly identify what will be done, by whom, by when, and how you will assess the impact of the changes)	• Introduce additional labs focused on feature extraction and profiling malware families, implemented by the course instructor in the next offering of AIC 481. • Include a preliminary lecture on structured documentation of malware behavior to improve reporting quality. • Provide an optional online module on using sandbox tools for malware analysis. • Assessment will include both pre- and post-lab quizzes to measure the improvement in profiling and documentation skills.
Projected quarter/semester of implementing “next steps”	Fall 20xx
Results of “next steps” implementation – this section is to be completed the following year (describe how the implementation of the above “next steps” impacted teaching and learning in the program)	After implementing additional labs and lectures, the students’ performance in profiling malware families improved significantly. The average score for this indicator rose from 61% to 82%, with students demonstrating stronger documentation and feature extraction skills. Feedback from students indicated that the sandbox-focused online module was particularly helpful for reinforcing practical skills.
Suggestions for improving this report or process (if any)	[Suggestion text here]

Example for requirement 1e1: Knowledge Unit (KU) Alignment for AICyber – The PoS courses are aligned to chosen KUs and KU outcomes (See A. AICyber KU requirements below for validation level). One course may align with multiple KUs. One KU may align to multiple courses. Provide all course outcomes for each course that is aligned with KU(s) and provide a URL or other evidence for the course outcomes indicated at the academic institution via the institutional Web site or within course syllabi. KU alignment is needed for courses that are aligned to the KUs only.

Program of Study Name: BS in Cybersecurity (add more rows if necessary)

Course Number	Course Name	Course Outcomes	KU Alignment	KU Outcomes (Listing only, no assessment of outcomes. KU Topics are recommended and not required for alignment)
AIC 481	Case Studies in Cybersecurity Using AI	Upon successful completion of this course, each student should be able to: 1. Apply AI techniques to detect and respond to cyber threats. 2. Evaluate the effectiveness of AI-based defensive and offensive security solutions. 3. Analyze real-world cybersecurity scenarios using AI.	(DFA) Defensive Applications of AI	1. Implement AI techniques to enhance security posture. 2. Develop AI models for risk identification. 3. Understand XAI-driven solutions.
			(OFA) Offensive Applications of AI	1. Identify adversarial attacks on AI. 2. Use AI for penetration testing.
AIC 440	System Security and AI	Upon successful completion of this course, each student should be able to: 1. Analyze the integration of AI into system security practices. 2. Detect and mitigate system-level vulnerabilities using AI-driven solutions. 3. Evaluate security measures for AI-based systems.	(AIS) AI for Security Assessment	1. Identify AI techniques for security assessments. 2. Apply AI to evaluate vulnerabilities and mitigate risks. 3. Integrate AI-driven tools for continuous system monitoring and threat detection.
			(DFA) Defensive Applications of AI	1. Apply AI models for vulnerability detection. 2. Automate cybersecurity processes.

Example for requirement 1e2: Knowledge Unit (KU) Alignment Summary Table for CyberAI PoS – The Knowledge Unit (KU) Alignment Summary Table for CyberAI PoS provides an overview of the Courses-to-KU for the PoS. Below see two examples of KU Alignment Summary Tables.

Example: KU Alignment Summary Table for MS CAE-AI (AICyber) PoS with Eight Courses in KU Alignment.

Master CAE AICyber (Total 11 KUs)											
PoS Courses in KU Alignment	Cyber Foundational				AI Foundational			Core			Optional
	CSF	ISC	BSP	MAF	AIG	AIF	MLF	BNW	NDF	AIS	DFA
MAIC602				X							
MAIC615	X	X									
MAIC623					X						
MAIC640			X								
MAIC650								X			
MAIC660									X		X
MAIC670						X					
MAIC675							X			X	

APPENDIX 3 – EXAMPLES OF STUDENT PROFESSIONALISM

Student Professionalism	Examples (not an exhaustive list)	Goals/Objectives
Cybersecurity ethics	- Montreat College - Professionalism and Ethics Toolkit https://www.montreat.edu/cybersecurity/professionalism-ethics-toolkit/ - Montreat College - Cybersecurity Code https://www.montreat.edu/cybersecurity-code/ - Montreat College - Career Readiness Course https://www.montreat.edu/cybersecurity/professionalism-ethics-toolkit/course/ - Montreat College - Internship Handbook with Supervisor Evaluations https://www.montreat.edu/wp-content/uploads/2024/11/Internship-Manual-2024.pdf - Montreat College - Workshops - https://www.montreat.edu/cybersecurity/professionalism-ethics-toolkit/workshops/ - NCAE-C Code of Ethics and Professional Conduct including responsible use of AI (https://www.caecommunity.org/cop-cyber-defense/cop-cd-student-code-of-ethics) - Cybersecurity ethics course or module/topic - Cyber course assignments/independent study - Cybersecurity ethics “bowl”/competition	- Baseline understanding of cybersecurity ethics and responsible AI use
Internship, resume preparation, and evaluation	- Cyber career readiness class - Certification preparation - Cybersecurity mentorship, apprenticeships, and bootcamps - Student pre-/post-internship assessment of goals/objectives/competencies (ABCDE) - Internship supervisor feedback on the student’s competencies (ABCDE) - Resume preparation and mock interviews activity/assignment - Industry mentorship initiatives (e.g., SANS Cyber Talent Immersion Academy), and Federal workforce programs (e.g., DHS Cybersecurity Talent Initiative)	- Address workplace professional behavior - Manage internship and career expectations - Build cyber resume for private and federal internships/positions
Cybersecurity experiential learning and jobs	- University run Security Operation Center (SOC) - Information Technology (IT) department - Field trip to SOC’s	- Enable students to learn cybersecurity and AI skills needed - Address workplace professional behavior - Meet with cybersecurity professionals to understand their work roles, and technical and professional skillsets needed for those work roles
Clubs	- Cybersecurity - Women in cyber - PoS specific club	- Develop student support network - Share information on events, internships, research topics, jobs - Provide venue for cyber professional speakers and mentors
Cybersecurity competitions and exercises	- NCAE Cyber Games - https://www.ncaecybergames.org/ - NSA Cyber Exercise (NCX) - NSA Codebreaker Challenge – https://nsa-codebreaker.org/ - XPCyber - https://www.xpcyber.com/ - National Cyber League - https://nationalcyberleague.org/	- Provide virtual training environment for participants to develop, practice, and validate their cybersecurity knowledge and skills - Enable participants to learn and demonstrate intangible skills such as problem-solving, teamwork, and

	- Collegiate Cyber Defense Competitions (CCDC) - https://www.nationalccdc.org/ - CyberForce Competition - https://cyberforce.energy.gov/cyberforce-competition/ - CSAW - https://www.csaw.io/ - Global Collegiate Penetration Testing Competition - https://cp.tc/ - DARPA's Artificial Intelligence Cyber Challenge (AIxCC) - https://www.darpa.mil/research/programs/ai-cyber and https://aicyberchallenge.com/ - Other cyber competition	communications
Professional associations and conferences	- ACM - https://www.acm.org/ - IEEE - https://www.ieee.org/ - AFCEA - https://www.afcea.org/ - ISACA - https://www.isaca.org/ - ISSA - https://www.issa.org/ - ISC2 - https://www.isc2.org/ - MCPA - https://public.milcyber.org/ - WICYS - https://www.wicys.org/	- Build professional and peer networks - Identify mentors - Provide sources for scholarships and job listings - Attend national and regional conferences/present research papers
Cyber work roles	- DCWF - https://www.cyber.mil/dod-workforce-innovation-directorate/dod-cyber-workforce-framework - NICE Workforce Framework for Cybersecurity - https://www.nist.gov/itl/applied-cybersecurity/nice/nice-framework-resource-center/nice-framework-current-versions	- Provide frameworks that identify tasks that are required for cyber work roles - Meet with cybersecurity professionals to understand their work roles, and technical and professional skillsets needed for those work roles - Videos to show different work roles
Community engagement	- Cybersecurity clinics - Cybersecurity awareness training for K-12 and/or seniors	- Enable students to learn and demonstrate intangible skills such as teamwork, communications, and engaging the community - Build professional and peer networks - Build volunteering activities to be included in resume

APPLICATION PROCESS AND ADJUDICATION RUBRIC (APAR) - CYBERAI WORKING GROUP (CYBERAIWG)

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This publication was partially supported by the National Science Foundation through the CyberCorps program DGE#1663184 at Towson University and by the CAE Community at the California State University San Bernardino through HQ0034251E002 under the DoW Cyber Academic Engagement Office.